

Accessible and Assistive ICT

FP7 Policies and Research

European Commission,
DG Information Society and Media
ICT for Inclusion

Dr Rolf Riemenschneider







Outline

- Research & Policies
- Research & Innovation
- Challenge 7 :
 - Embedded Accessibility of Future ICT
- Call 4 Facts





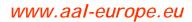


Challenge 7: ICT for Inclusion, Independent Living and Governance

Overcoming social and economic exclusion and addressing demographic ageing through ICT innovation.



http://ec.europa.eu/einclusion







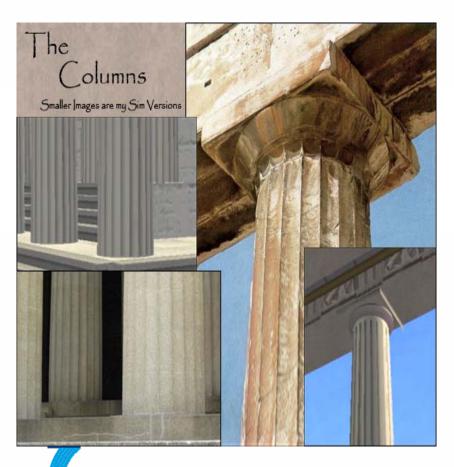








Inclusive ICT becomes affordable, mainstreaming



Inclusive services, Skills & Welfare ICT

Welfare Technologies

Intelligent & inclusive applications & services

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ICT Skills, Creativity, open innovation







Challenge 7: ICT for

Independent Living, Inclusion and Governance

Integration & **Empowerment of Individuals**



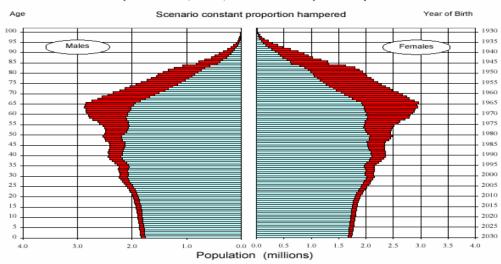
Participation for All

- 30% non-users
- **Aging Population**
- Inaccessible or expensive ICT



- Societal challenges for
 - Social care and health sytems
 - Work and retirement
- New Markets
- **Better Accessibility**

European Union, 2030, Total and Hampered Population









utcome

Opportunities

Industrial Releva

Challenge 7: The policy context

Industry

ICT has major catalytic role on Inclusion and Participation

- Major global market opportunity 20B€+/year
- Accessibility attracts mainstream ICT





- i2010 flagship on ICT and Ageing
- Action plan Ageing Well
- Riga Ministerial Declaration, 2006
- eAccessibility Communication
- Compaign 'Be Part of It'





Relevance







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Trends ICT for Inclusion

ICT becoming ubiquitous

- Significant cost benefit of mainstreaming
- Increasingly dependent on ICT in daily life
- Challenging for people at risk of exclusion

Technology advances in main-stream products

- Cyber-physical research
 - Linking virtual environments (e.g. avatars) with physical processes
- Advances in language technologies (voice control, voice to text), micro-nano systems, imaging and signal processing

Emerging assistive user interfaces

- New ways to incorporate accessibility into mainstream ICT and non-ICT products, << universal self-adaptive user interface >>
- Natural brain-neuro-computer interaction towards new intuitive interaction with computers, home appliances, assistive technologies

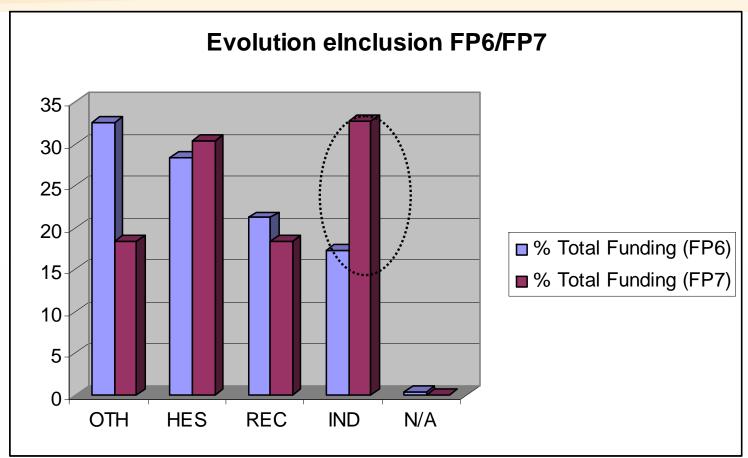




C-inclusion Be part of it!

Industry participation FP6/FP7-

→ Significant increase in the participation of the industry in FP 7 funded projects compared to FP6.



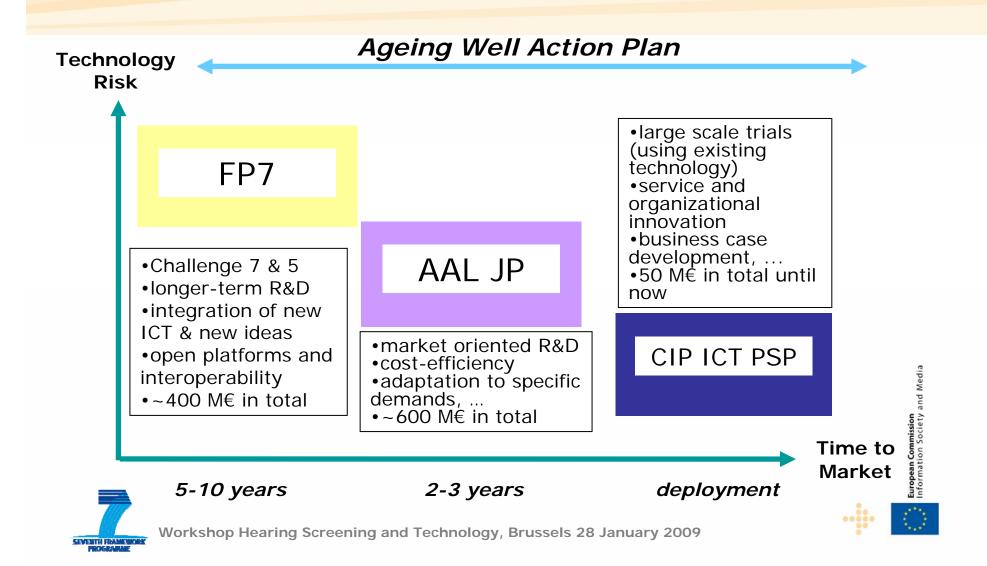








ICT for Ageing Well A Comprehensive EU Approach





Outline

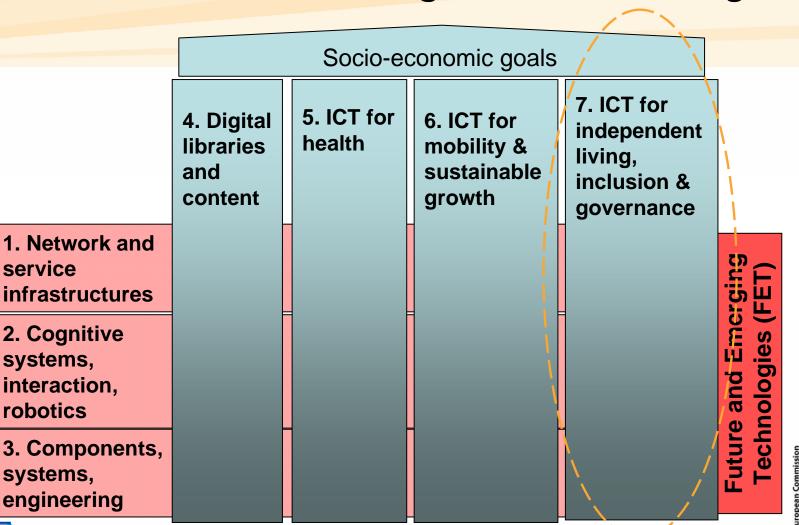
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Work Programme Challenges





Industry/Tech needs

service





Virtual user concepts for future accessible ICT

- Mass customization as enabler for embedding accessible functionality
- Avoid extensive customization by professionals
- And costly user validation with possible product redesign,
- Integrated approach

 Seamless integration into industrial development cycle is a key, mainly for IPs





Related FP7 Projects - Call 2 2007

Project	Topic
IP AEGIS HaptiMap TOBI FP BRAIN VAALID REPLAY	Mainstream e-accessibility, open accessibility framework, Haptic, Audio and Visual Interfaces for Maps and Location-Based Services,; Tools for Brain-Computer Interaction. BCIs with Rapid Automated Interfaces for Nonexperts; Development of a 3D-Imersive Simulation Platform for CAD; Gaming technology platform for social inclusion of MYP;
TREMOR HANDS UMSIC ACCESSIBLE INCLUSO ComeIn	An ambulatory BCI tremor suppression system; Helping autism diagnosed young people navigate & develop socially; Usability of music for social inclusion of children; Accessibility assessment simulation environment for new application design and development; Social software for inclusion of marginalized young people; Online mobile communities to facilitate the social inclusion of marginalized young people.

SEVENTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME



Target Outcome a)

Embedded Accessibility in Future ICT

Target users: Developers of all ICT-based products/services

Objectives:

ICT solutions/tools to verify and optimise *generalised accessibility support* (related to vision, hearing, speech, dexterity, mobility) within future mainstream ICT-based and non-ICT products and services

Expected Target Outcome:

- New validated methods for user modelling and simulation of user interaction
- Tools based on the 'Virtual User' concept to verify accessibility
 - Realistic user modelling and interaction, virtual environments
- Generic computer-based validation frameworks
 - For quality control; including training material





Target Outcome a)

Embedded Accessibility in Future ICT

The Virtual user concept

- realistic -- Realistic user modelling and simulated interaction, incl. virtual environments
 - Linking interaction paradigms like 3D or virtual reality to integrating accessibility services in physical environments

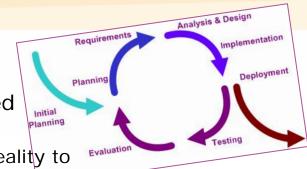


- Methods enabling self-adaptation of multi-modal interfaces
 - in real time to users' accessibility needs
 - Reconfigurable User interfaces and content representation for people with special needs

-Instruments: IPs and STREPs

- **IP**: building on a generic integrated framework
 - Seamless integration into industrial development cycle is key, mainly for IPs
- STREPs: specific R&D on 'virtual user' modeling







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Call 4

Objective ICT-2009.7.2: Accessible and Assistive ICT

Key Area

Embedded Accessibility of Future ICT.

Generalized accessibility support by ICT tools seamlessly integrated into future ICT and non-ICT product design

Global position of European industry in assistive technologies

Key Area

ICT restoring and augmenting human capabilities

-Emphasis on brain/neuronal computer interaction (BNCI) Global position of European industry in assistive technologies

Seizing new market opportunities driven by novel technologies

Boosting European excellence in BNCI systems engineering

RTD research agendas,

Impact through aligner research agendas visio. stakeholders.

Call 4: 01







coordination of constituencies

Expected Impact



Supporting Measures

Target Outcomes:

- a) Embedded Accessibility of Future ICT
- b) ICT restoring and augmenting human capabilities

Objectives

- RTD vision and Roadmaps
- Stakeholder coordination

Focus

- Ensure continued and enhanced coordination of stakeholders across the value chain
- Tackling fragmentation / standards for integration

Essential elements

One Coordination Action for <u>each</u> target outcome
 Credible industrial and other relevant stakeholder involvement essential







Funding Schemes and Budgets

Target	Indicative Budget	Funding Scheme
 Embedded Accessibility of Future ICT 	} 33 M€	CP: one IP, STREPs
 ICT restoring/augmenting human capabilities 		CP: STREP only
 Strategic visions, RTD roadmaps 	1 M€	CSA: two CAs (1 for each target outcome)







Further Information

- Web Resources
 - http://cordis.europa.eu/fp7/ict/programme/challenge7_en.html
 - http://ec.europa.eu/einclusion

- Key Contacts
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